FEB 11 1969
STATE

MONTANA

1969 HIGHWAY MAP

S
912.1786
H3m
1969

The BIG SKY Country

Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2011 with funding from
Montana State Library

http://www.archive.org/details/montanahighways1969mont

Welcome to the Big Sky Country

Forrest H. Anderson, *Governor*

Welcome to Montana. We are honored by your visit and we sincerely hope you enjoy your stay with us.

Montana is a big state — with plenty of room to relax. I know you'll enjoy the magnificent and varied scenery with which this state has been blessed. May I also suggest a visit to our fine museums, our excellent summer theaters, a real western rodeo, an authentic Indian celebration, and one of our many local fairs? Take the time to shop. You'll find a wide variety of unique and practical items in our stores and shops.

Most of all, get to know our people. We'll do all we can to make your stay a pleasant one.

Montanans revere the great natural beauty of their state and are anxious to preserve it unspoiled for their children and yours. So, please, be careful with fire and litter. And please drive carefully. We value your friendship and your lives—and we want to preserve both.

Thank you for coming. It's good to have you with us.

Sincerely,

The Festival of Nations is an annual August Celebration at Red Lodge, MONTANA. Each day of the 10-day event is devoted to a different nationality. Enjoy displays, art, crafts, music, dancing, superb food, colorful costumes during this international festival.*

There's a rodeo nearly every day during MONTANA's summer vacation season. One of the wildest of them all is the Wild Horse Stampede at Wolf Point (below) . . . staged annually in July. It attracts spectators and top performers from throughout U.S. and Canada.*

TRAFFIC REGULATIONS AND SAFETY RULES

1. Montana speed limits: Daylight—reasonable and prudent speed, Night, 65 miles per hour on completed sections of the Interstate System, and 55 miles per hour during the hours when lights are required on all other highways, except where zoned and posted. Trucks in excess of 8,000 pounds Gross Vehicle Weight—50 miles per hour. Vehicles towing house trailers—50 miles per hour. Speed limit on roads under construction—35 miles per hour.
2. Motorcycles are to be operated with lights on at all times when operated on any public highway or street. Not more than two motorcycles shall be operated side by side in a single traffic lane.
3. Abandoning vehicles—No vehicle shall be parked or left standing upon the right of way of any public highway, or city street, or upon any state, county or city property for a period longer than five days.
4. Vehicles entering main highways must yield right-of-way.
5. Proper signal must be given when passing another vehicle, changing direction, stopping or slowing down on the highway. Hand signals or electrical turn indicators are legal.
6. Never drive at a speed greater than that at which you can stop in the clear road visible ahead. Slow down at night or when the road is wet or icy.
7. When approaching another car either front or rear, dim your lights.
8. Don't stop or park on the highway, pull out to the shoulder.
9. Accidents resulting in death, personal injury, or property damage of an apparent extent of $100 or more requires immediate notification to Sheriff, Police or Highway Patrol by quickest means of communication. This notice must be followed by a written report to Montana Highway Patrol Board, Helena, Montana within ten days.
10. When approaching signaled busses loading or unloading school children, drivers must stop and not proceed until school bus resumes motion.
11. Littering upon or near highway prohibited. Punishable by fine, imprisonment, or both.
12. PREVENT FOREST FIRES—USE YOUR ASH TRAY. During the Forest Fire Season vehicles entering forested areas must be equipped with shovel, bucket, and axe, except when traveling numbered state and federal highways.
13. Montana highway regulations prohibit no combination of auto and trailer shall exceed 60 ft in length, or 96-in total outside width, or 13 ft 6 in in height except with permit. Trailers should carry red lights to the rear, green, amber, or white lights to the front and amber side lights. No person shall occupy a house trailer while it is being moved upon the highway.

MONTANA ROADS OPEN FOR WINTER TRAVEL

Modern maintenance equipment enables Montana to keep all Interstate and Principal highways open during winter months except for very short periods during or immediately after severe storms. Make local inquiry regarding conditions during storms. Carry chains and a shovel. Reduce speed. Passes that are closed to traffic for several months are noted on map. Winter access to Cooke City via Gardiner-Mammoth Road.

POINTS OF INTEREST

1. **LAST CHANCE GULCH** E-6. Gold was discovered on July 14 1864. Third Territorial and present State Capital. Capitol Building and Historical Museum visitors welcome. Carroll College and Helena by Lost Chariot Tour Train. Carroll College, Veteran's Hospital, Mountain View School.
2. **RICHEST HILL ON EARTH** F-6. Gold, silver, copper and zinc from deep mines and open pit. World Museum of Mining 33 acres of buildings and relics of mining of yesterday to present. Montana College of Mineral Science and Technology.
3. **CUSTER BATTLEFIELD NATIONAL MONUMENT** G-9. June 25, 1876. Battle of the Little Big Horn. Gen. George A. Custer and his Seventh Cavalry were slain to the last man by the combined Sioux and Cheyenne Indian Forces. Annual Battle re-enactment on weekend nearest anniversary date at Crow Agency. Crow Indian Museum.
4. **FORT PECK DAM AND RESERVOIR** C-10. World's largest earth-filled dam impounds the Missouri River forming reservoir 185 miles in length with over 1,600 miles of shoreline. Boating and fishing. Hell Creek, Rock Creek State Parks and Recreation Areas.
5. **GATES OF THE MOUNTAINS** G-4. Wilderness Area, discovered and named July 19, 1805 by Lewis and Clark. Sheer cliffs rise to 1,200 feet above the Missouri River. Abounds with interesting wildlowl, deer, bear and mountain goats. Launch Neph.
6. **GREAT FALLS OF THE MISSOURI RIVER** C-5. Discovered in 1805 by Lewis and Clark. Giant Springs world's largest fresh water spring. Picnic grounds. Five hydroelectric dams. College of Great Falls, Montana School Deaf and Blind, Malmstrom Airforce Base, Cowboy artist Charles M. Russell original cabin and Art Gallery.
7. **LEWIS AND CLARK CAVERNS STATE PARK** F-5. One of the nation's largest limestone caverns. Colorful stalactites, stalagmites, clusterlies, and flowstone provide an exciting 90 minute guided tour.
8. **MADISON CANYON EARTHQUAKE AREA** H-5. At 11:37 p.m., August 17, 1959 an awesome earthquake slid half a mountain into the canyon creating a giant dam and Quake Lake. Memorial and visitors site.
9. **MONTANA NATIONAL BISON RANGE** D-2. Large herd of bison, also elk, pronghorn, whitetail and mule deer. Some longhorn cattle and many upland birds and waterfowl. Conducted auto tours from late June until Labor Day.
10. **YELLOWTAIL DAM AND BIGHORN CANYON NATIONAL RECREATION AREA** G-9. 500 foot multiarch dollar hydroelectric dam in spectacular Bighorn Canyon. Visitors Center, Boating, Fishing and Recreation.
11. **MUSEUM OF THE PLAINS INDIAN** B-3. An exhibition and crafts center portraying the life of the Northern Plains Indians "in the days when buffalo ran." Open June through Sept. under supervision of the Indian Arts and Crafts Board.
12. **COW CAPITAL OF THE WEST** E-11. Range Riders Museum, a memorial to those who rode the unfenced range. Custer County Junior College, Pine Hills School, Agricultural Experiment Station and Veteran's Administration Hospital.
13. **ST. IGNATIUS MISSION** D-2. Established in 1854 for the Flathead Indians. The present church is said to be the third most beautiful in the world. A visit is a very rewarding experience.
14. **MEDICINE ROCK STATE PARK** F-12. 220 acres containing numerous weird and oddly-shaped sandrock formations, a result of wind erosion. Carter Co. Museum at Ekalaka exhibits specimens of prehistoric times, dinosaurs, fossils, etc.
15. **GEORGETOWN LAKE AREA** F-3. Rockbounding ghost towns, camping fishing, hunting. World's largest smoke stack at Anaconda Smelter.
16. **BOWDOIN NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE** B-9. Abounds with resident and migratory waterfowl, Canadian geese, ducks of all species, colonial nesting birds, and upland game birds. Also antelope deer and occasionally even elk.
17. **ALDER GULCH** G-4. Rich gold placer diggings were discovered in the spring of 1863. Historic Virginia City soon became the second Territorial Capital. Reconstructed ghost towns and rockhound country.
18. **MIDLAND EMPIRE MAGIC CITY** F-8. Yellowstone Museum, Range Rider Monument, Boothill Cemetery, Eastern Montana College and Rocky Mountain College. Area Office Bureau of Indian Affairs.
19. **DILLON AREA** G-4. Ghost town of Bannack, gold was discovered in July 1862. Beaverhead County Museum, archaeology and geology exhibits. Western Montana College. Fishing and hunting country.
20. **HISTORIC BITTERROOT VALLEY** E-2. Stevensville, St. Mary's Mission established in 1841. Fort Owen now a State Monument was established in 1850. Hamilton U.S. Public Health, Rocky Mountain Laboratory.
21. **GALLATIN EMPIRE** G-3. Bozeman, named for John M. Bozeman, pioneer wagonmaster of the early 1860s. Montana State University, Montana Experiment Station.
22. **HUB OF FIVE GREAT VALLEYS** D-2). Missoula, University of Montana, Northern Region Headquarters U.S. Forest Service and Aerial Fire Depot. Smoke Jumpers Center. Skiing. Luge run near Lolo.
23. **FLATHEAD LAKE AREA** C-2). Center of great year around playground. Skiing, big game hunting, fishing in every direction, with water sports, camping and outdoor recreation unlimited.
24. **TRIBAL ARTS AND CRAFTS** B-11. Poplar, over 3,000 Assiniboine and Sioux Indians welcome you to their million acre reservation.
25. **GLACIER NATIONAL PARK** A-3). Going to the Sun Road, an engineering masterpiece, overlooks the most spectacular scenery in the world.
26. **POMPEYS PILLAR** F-8. July 25, 1806, Capt. William Clark carved his name and date on this towering 200 foot high rock formation. The signature is still there. Registered National Historic Landmark.
27. **BEARTOOTH COUNTRY** G-7). Travel this scenic switchback highway to an elevation of 10,940 feet for a magnificent panorama of the country below. Early mining camps, fishing, hunting and winter sports.
28. **MAKOSHIKA STATE PARK** D-12). Erosion by wind and water have created this colorful badlands. Fortine Gateway Museum, historical displays—Glendive, Dawson County Junior College.
29. **LEWISTOWN AREA** D-2). Fishing, hunting, winter sports, ghost towns, and rockhound country. Montana Center for the Aged.
30. **YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK** H-5). A world apart of natural wonders, colorful canyons, sparkling waters, interesting geysers and abundant wildlife.
31. **FORT BENTON** C-6. Founded as a fur trading post in 1846, with ruins of the old fort preserved in a city park. Head of steamboat navigation on Missouri River. 1867-1887. Old steamboat levee is a National Historic Landmark. A fine small museum relives a colorful and eventful history.
32. **LIVINGSTON** F-6). Homeward bound in 1806 Captain Clark reached the Yellowstone River at the site which is now Livingston. North gateway only winter entrance to Yellowstone Park. Second Sunday in August is annual Trout Derby. 1,000 silver dollars to the winner. July 4 annual rodeo.
33. **LIBBY DAM** B-1). Under construction by the U.S. Army Corp of Engineers. A 420 feet high 2900 feet long, multi million dollar, multi purpose water resource project. Future reservoir 90 miles long. Visitors Visits at Construction Site.
34. **CHEYENNE COUNTY** F-10). Northern Cheyenne Craft Center at Lame Deer. Authentic Indian arts, crafts and Tribal songs. Public Camping included ing Tepees.

MONTANA INDEX

Population 717,000 1965 Estimate (630 767—1960 Census)

Area 147,138 sq miles

Capital Helena

COUNTIES 1960 census

Beaverhead 7154	G 3	Fallon 2097	E-12	Lewis and Clark,		Philipsburg 6027	D 3
Big Horn 10007	C 9	Fergus 14018	D 7	28096	D 4	Pondera 5753	B 5
Blaine 6093	B 9	Flathead 32965	B-2	Liberty 2624	B-5	Powder River 7485	G 11
Broadwater 2604	F 5	Gallatin 36045	F 3	Lincoln 12127	B 1	Powell 7002	C 5
Carbon 8317	G 7	Garfield 1581	D 9	McCone 3321	C 11	Prairie 2318	D 11
Carter 2420	G 12	Glacier 13565	A 3	Madison 5733	F 4	Ravalli 17727	E 2
Cascade 73418	C 6	Golden Valley 1203	E 7	Meagher 2614	E 5	Richland 10466	D 12
Chouteau 5368	C 8	Granite 3014	E 6	Mineral 3503	E 1	Roosevelt 10731	B 10
Custer 11227	E 11	Hill 18653	B 6	Missoula 44002	D 2	Rosebud 6167	F 10
Daniels 3755	A 11	Jefferson 8291	F 4	Musselshell 4888	E 8	Sanders 6080	C 1
Dawson 12219	D 12	Judith Basin 3085	D 6	Park 15660	F 5	Sheridan 6458	A 12
Deer Lodge 18640	F 3	Lake 13504	C 2	Petroleum 894	D 8	Silver Bow 46854	F 4

Stillwater, 5526	G 7	Custer, 350	F 9	Hedgesville 10	E 7	Moltlport, 500	D 2
Sweet Grass 3290	F 6	Kul Bank 1539	F 9	Helena 23300 t	E 6	Monarch 100	D 5
Teton 7004	C 5			Helmville 75	D 3	Missoula 27090 t	D 3
Treasure 1345	E 9			Hobson 200	D 6	Moore 125	D 6
Valley, 17780	B 10			Highwood 200	D 6	Moss 20	D 4
Wheatland 3025	E 7			Hilger, 45	D 6	Mott, 20	F 7
Wibaux 1698	D 12			Hoyt	D 7	Monarch 20	F 5
Yellowstone, 73016	F 5			Hunglum 254	B 6	Monida 30	H 4
Yellowstone Nat'l Pk. Parts, 47	H 5			Hunter 207	D 6	Montana City	E 6
				Hobson 207	D 6	Montana City	E 6
				Hodges 25	B7	Moore, 216	D 6
				Hogeland 90	A 8	Moorhead	G 11
				Homestead 100	E 8	Mosby 200	E 8
				Hot Springs 5855	G 2	Moulton	D 5
				Hungry Horse 1723	B 3	Musselshell, 150	E 8
				Huntley, 250	E 8	Myers 5	E 8
				Hysham 494	E 8		

CITIES AND TOWNS

1960 census or later Estimates *County Seats †Hedgehills

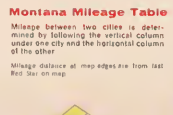
Absarokee, 600	D 1	Custer, 350	F 9	Hedgesville 10	E 7	Moltlport, 500	D 2
Acton, 10	F 9	Kul Bank 1539	F 9	Helena 23300 t	E 6	Monarch 100	D 5
Ackley	C 6			Helmville 75	D 3	Missoula 27090 t	D 3
Alberton 256	D 2			Highwood 200	D 6	Moore 125	D 6
Alzada 50	G 12			Hilger, 45	D 6	Moss 20	D 4
Amsterdam 100	G 7			Hoyt	D 7	Mott, 20	F 7
Anaconda 12054 †	C 2			Hunglum 254	B 6	Monarch 20	F 5
Angela 5	C 12			Hunter 207	D 6	Monida 30	H 4
Angela 5	C 12			Hobson 207	D 6	Montana City	E 6
Antelope 100	A 12			Hodges 25	B7	Moore, 216	D 6
Anger 100	E 7			Hogeland 90	A 8	Moorhead	G 11
Archer	A 11			Homestead 100	E 8	Mosby 200	E 8
Arlee 100	D 2			Hot Springs 5855	G 2	Moulton	D 5
Arrow Creek 20	D 6			Hungry Horse 1723	B 3	Musselshell, 150	E 8
Ashland 150	F 10			Huntley, 250	E 8	Myers 5	E 8
Augusta 400	C 6			Hysham 494	E 8		
Avon 200	E 4						
						N	
						Nashua 795	D 11
						Nashua 350	D 11
						Nevada City 40	G 4
						Niarada	B 2
						Niobe	G 2
						Noble, 5	F 8
						Norris, 150	F 4
						Nashua	D 11
						Nye 75	G 6
						O	
						Dilmont, 100	A 5
						Olive 5	G 11
						Olney	B 2
						Opheim, 200	A 10
						Opheim, 457	A 10
						Otsego 50	E 11
						Otter 5	G 10
						Outlook 226	A 12
						Ovando 75	D 3
						P-Q	
						Pablo 300	C 2
						Paradise 200	D 2
						Park City 909	G 7
						Parkman 145	E 9
						Pendroy, 20	B 6
						Perma 25	B 6
						*Philipsburg 1107 †	F 4
						Pierce 50	C 2
						Pinesdale	E 3
						*Plentywood, 2121 †	A 12
						Plevna 363	E 12
						Polaris 5	C 3
						Polson 2114 †	B 2
						Pompeys Pillar 100	F 9
						Pony 300	F 5
						Poplar, 1365 †	B 11
						Portage 15	D 3
						Potomac, 30	D 3
						Powderville 15	E 9
						Power, 375	C 5
						Pray 50	G 5
						Proctor 10	G 8
						Prior 50	G 8
						Quigley	C 10
						R	
						Radersburg 80	F 5
						Ragged 100	F 7
						Ramsay 687	G 6
						Raymond 30	A 12
						Raynesford, 206	D 6
						*Red Lodge 2278 †	G 7
						Reedpoint 100	F 7
						Reedpoint 100	F 7
						Reserve 175	A 12
						Rexford, 450	A 1
						Richey 480	E 12
						Richland, 65	A 10
						Ridge	C 3
						Ringling 85	G 5
						Rivulet 100	D 1
						Rock Springs 5	B 10
						Rocky Boy 75	B 7
						Rollins 100	C 1
						Ronan 1334 †	D 2
						Roscoe 15	G 8
						Rosebud, 140	E 10
						Roundup, 2842 †	E 8
						Rudyard 300	B 6
						Ruby, 175	A 11
						Rudyard 300	B 6
						Ryegate 314	E 7
						S	
						Saco 430	B 9
						Saint Ignatius, 560 †	D 2
						St. Paul	E 3
						Saint Regis, 500	C 1
						Saint Xavier, 100	G 7
						Sand Coulee	F 3
						Sand Springs 300	E 8
						Sanders, 20	F 9
						Sand Springs 20	A 4
						Santa Rita 150	A 4
						Savage 300	G 12
						Savoy	E 11
						Scobey 3726 †	A 11

Scotty Lake, 500	D-3						
Shawmut, 100	E 7						
Shelby, 4017 †	B 5						
Sheridan, 1100	G 4						
Sheridan, 589 †	G 4						
Shoshoni 5	C 6						
Sidney, 4564 †	C-12						
Silesia 100	G 9						
Silver Gate 20	H 6						
Silver Star 75	F 4						
Simms 200	C 4						
Simpson 10	A 8						
Siren Pass	C 3						
Snowden	B-12						
Sonnett, 300	G 8						
Springdale	E 9						
Springhill Cross	C 3						
Springhill, 750	F-6						
Square Butte 85	C-8						
Stanford 600	D 6						
Stark	G 2						
Stevensville 784	E 2						
Stockett, 400	D-5						
Stryker 80	A 2						
Sula 25	E 2						
Sulfa 5	C 5						
Sumatra 25	G 9						
Sunburst 482	A 8						
Sun River, 100	C-6						
Superior, 1242 †	D-1						
Swan Lake 200	C-2						
Sweetgrass, 205	A-4						
						T	
Tampico 59	B 10						
Tarkio 30	D 1						
Target, 5	G 11						
Terry, 3140 †	D 11						
Thompson Falls, 1274	C-1						
Three Forks, 1261 †	F-3						
Tiston, 100	F 3						
Townsend, 1528 †	E-5						
Tracy, 356	D-3						
Trego, 100	B-1						
Trout Creek, 100	C-1						
Troy, 976	A-1						
Turner, 175	A-4						
Twin Bridges, 509	G-4						
Twodot 75	E-6						
						U-V	
Ulm 250	D-3						
Ulica 50	D-6						
Utica 124	D-4						
Vananda 5	E-10						
Vandalia 15	D-9						
Van Norman, 5	D-10						
Vaughn 75	G-5						
Victor 400	E-2						
Vida 85	A-11						
Virginia City	G-4						
Volborg 5	F-11						
						W	
Wagner 40	F-5						
Walkerville, 1453	F-4						
Warland 40	B-6						
Warmsprings, 550	F-3						
Wayne 100	G-7						
Wisshoe 40	G-1						
Wellington 350	B-2						
W. Yellowstone 520	H-5						
Westby, 300	A-12						
Whitehall 898	E-5						
Whitefish 3815	C-1						
White Sulphur Springs 1518 †	E-5						
Whitewater 100	A-9						
Wilsall, 75	F-5						
Winburn, 766	D-12						
Wisdom, 30	E-3						
Willard, 5	E-12						
Willow Creek, 150	F-5						
Winall, 200	E-6						
Winnett, 175	E-7						
Winnifred 220	E-7						
Winston	E-6						
Winston, 35	E-6						
Woodman, 100	F-3						
Wolf Creek, 175	F-2						
Wolf Point, 3585 †	B-11						
Woodside 50	E-2						
Worden, 250	F-8						
Wyola, 100	G-9						
						Y-Z	
Yaak 50	A-1						
Zortman 175	D-8						
Zurich, 80	B-7						

Montana Mileage Table

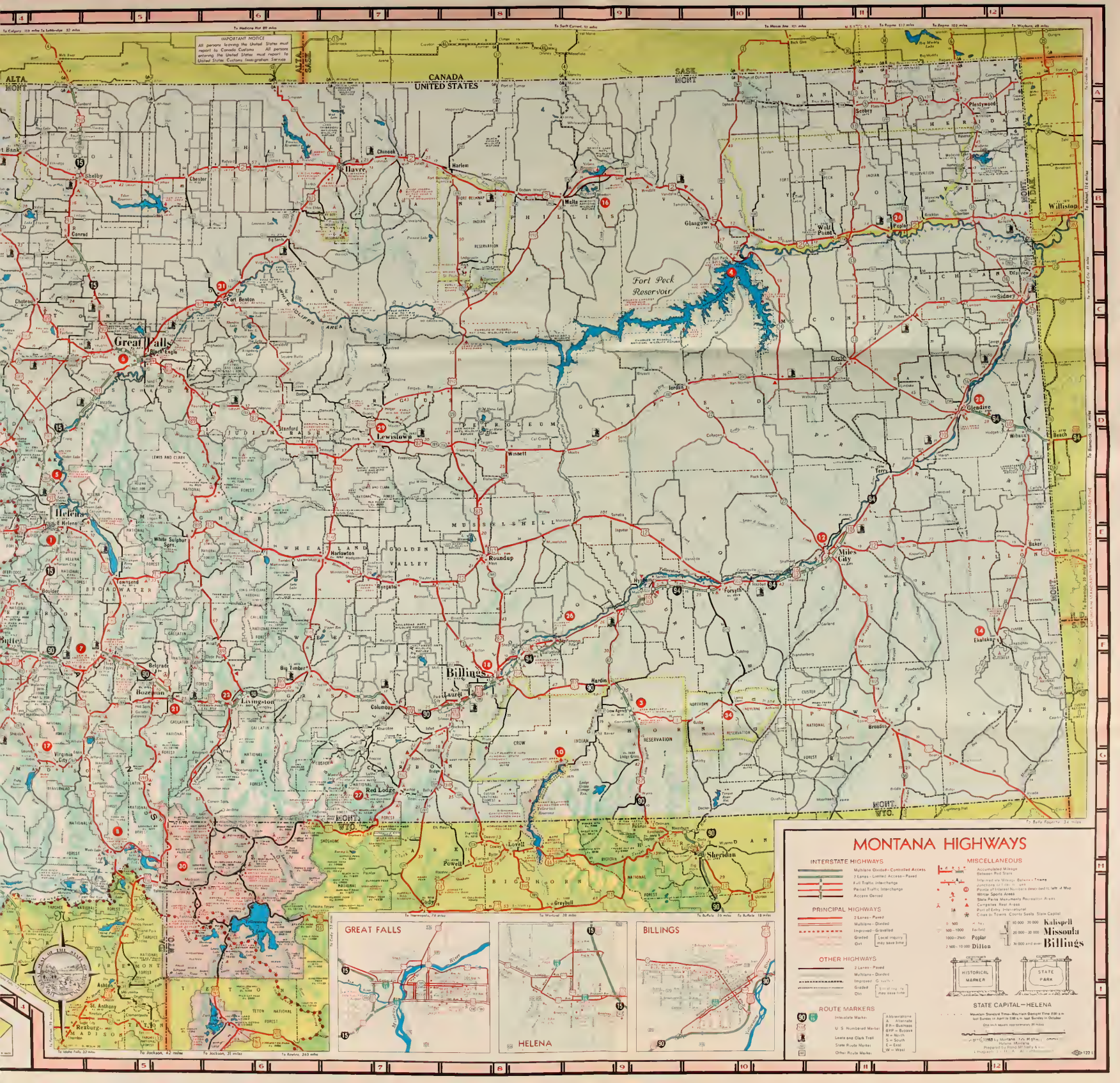
Mileage between two cities is determined by following the vertical column under one city and the horizontal column of the other.

Mileage distance at map edges are from last Red Star on map



BROADCASTING STATIONS

City	Dial	
Anaconda	KANA	580 Kc
Baker	KFLN	960 Kc
Belgrade	KGVW	630 Kc
	KGVW-FM	96.7 mc
Billings	KBMY	1240 Kc
	KGHL	790 Kc
	KOOK	970 Kc
	KOYN	910 Kc
	KURL	730 Kc
	KURL-FM	97.1 mc
Bozeman	KBMN	1230 Kc
	KXXL	1450 Kc
Butte	KBOW	550 Kc
	KXLF	1370 Kc
Deer Lodge	KDRG	1400 Kc
Dillon	KDBM	1490 Kc
Glasgow	KLTZ	1240 Kc
Glendive	KGLE	590 Kc
	KXGN	1400 Kc
Great Falls	KARR	1400 Kc
	KARR-FM	106.3 mc
	KFBB	1310 Kc
	KMON	560 Kc
	KUDI	1450 Kc
Hamilton	KLYQ	980 Kc
Hardin	KHDN	1230 Kc
Havre	KOJM	610 Kc
Helena	KBLL	1240 Kc
	KCAP	1340 Kc
Kalispell	KGEZ	600 Kc
	KOFI	930 Kc
Lewistown	KXLD	1230 Kc
Libby	KLCB	1230 Kc
Livingston	KPRK	1340 Kc
Miles City	KATL	1340 Kc
Missoula	KGMY	1450 Kc
	KGVO	1290 Kc
	KUFM-FM	88.1 mc
	KYLT	1340 Kc
	KYSS	910 Kc
Plentywood	KPWO-FM	100.1 mc
Red Lodge	KRBN	1450 Kc
Shelby	KSEN	1150 Kc
Sidney	KGCX	1480 Kc
West Yellowstone	KWYS	920 Kc
Wolf Point	KVCK	1450 Kc


IMPORTANT NOTICE
All persons leaving the United States must report to Canada Customs. All persons entering the United States must report to United States Customs Immigration Service
CANADA
UNITED STATES
ALTA.
SASK.
MONT.
Fort Peck Reservoir
Great Falls
Havre
Chinook
Harlem
Malta
Glasgow
Wolf Point
Williston
Plentywood
Scobey
Sidney
Glendive
Circle
Jordan
Fort Benton
Lewistown
Winnett
Helena
Townsend
White Sulphur Springs
Harlowton
Roundup
Ryegate
Miles City
Forsyth
Baker
Ekalaka
Billings
Laurel
Hardin
Big Timber
Columbus
Livingston
Bozeman
Belgrade
Butte
Virginia City
Red Lodge
Broadus
Sheridan
Powell
Lovell
Greybull
Ashton
St. Anthony
Rexburg
Conrad
Shelby
Chester
Chouteau
Cut Bank
Dutton
Townsend
Stanford
Moore
Winifred
Terry
Wibaux
Beach
Alzada
Ismay
Custer
Hysham
Joliet
Absarokee
Fromberg
Bridger
Warren
Lodge Grass
Crow Agency
Yellowtail
Busby
Decker
Parkman
Dayton
Ranchester
Story
Big Horn
Wyola
Garryowen
Lame Deer
Ashland
Birney
Colstrip
Forsyth
Rosebud
Musselshell
Petroleum
Garfield
Custer
Prairie
Dawson
Richland
Roosevelt
McCone
Valley
Phillips
Blaine
Hill
Liberty
Toole
Pondera
Teton
Chouteau
Cascade
Fergus
Judith Basin
Meagher
Wheatland
Golden Valley
Sweet Grass
Stillwater
Carbon
Big Horn
Rosebud
Powder River
Carter
Fallon
Wibaux
Sheridan
Daniels
Valley
Glacier
Pondera
Teton
Lewis and Clark
Broadwater
Jefferson
Gallatin
Park
Madison
Beaverhead
Deerlodge
Silver Bow
Powell
Granite
Ravalli
Missoula
Lake
Sanders
Flathead
Lincoln
Mineral
Yellowstone National Park
Grand Teton National Park
Bighorn Canyon National Recreation Area
Custer National Forest
Gallatin National Forest
Beaverhead National Forest
Deerlodge National Forest
Helena National Forest
Lewis and Clark National Forest
Flathead National Forest
Kootenai National Forest
Lolo National Forest
Bitterroot National Forest
Big Hole National Battlefield
Chief Joseph Battlefield
Nez Perce National Historical Park
Big Hole National Battlefield
Sun River Game Range
Medicine Rocks State Park
Makoshika State Park
Pictograph Cave State Park
Chief Plenty Coups State Park
Pompeys Pillar National Monument
Lewis and Clark Caverns State Park
Missouri Headwaters State Park
Madison Buffalo Jump State Park
Bannack State Park
Virginia City
Nevada City
Granite Ghost Town State Park
Garnet Ghost Town
Elkhorn Ghost Town
Bearmouth
Drummond
Hamilton
Stevensville
Darby
Lolo
Superior
Thompson Falls
Libby
Eureka
Whitefish
Kalispell
Columbia Falls
Polson
Ronan
Arlee
Dixon
Plains
Hot Springs
Troy
Bonners Ferry
Sandpoint
Coeur d'Alene
Kellogg
Wallace
Mullan
Pablo
Browning
Cut Bank
Shelby
Conrad
Chester
Chinook
Havre
Harlem
Malta
Glasgow
Wolf Point
Williston
Plentywood
Scobey
Sidney
Glendive
Circle
Jordan
Fort Benton
Lewistown
Winnett
Helena
Townsend
White Sulphur Springs
Harlowton
Roundup
Ryegate
Miles City
Forsyth
Baker
Ekalaka
Billings
Laurel
Hardin
Big Timber
Columbus
Livingston
Bozeman
Belgrade
Butte
Virginia City
Red Lodge
Broadus
Sheridan
Powell
Lovell
Greybull
Ashton
St. Anthony
Rexburg
Conrad
Shelby
Chester
Chouteau
Cut Bank
Dutton
Townsend
Stanford
Moore
Winifred
Terry
Wibaux
Beach
Alzada
Ismay
Custer
Hysham
Joliet
Absarokee
Fromberg
Bridger
Warren
Lodge Grass
Crow Agency
Yellowtail
Busby
Decker
Parkman
Dayton
Ranchester
Story
Big Horn
Wyola
Garryowen
Lame Deer
Ashland
Birney
Colstrip
Forsyth
Rosebud
Musselshell
Petroleum
Garfield
Custer
Prairie
Dawson
Richland
Roosevelt
McCone
Valley
Phillips
Blaine
Hill
Liberty
Toole
Pondera
Teton
Chouteau
Cascade
Fergus
Judith Basin
Meagher
Wheatland
Golden Valley
Sweet Grass
Stillwater
Carbon
Big Horn
Rosebud
Powder River
Carter
Fallon
Wibaux
Sheridan
Daniels
Valley
Glacier
Pondera
Teton
Lewis and Clark
Broadwater
Jefferson
Gallatin
Park
Madison
Beaverhead
Deerlodge
Silver Bow
Powell
Granite
Ravalli
Missoula
Lake
Sanders
Flathead
Lincoln
Mineral
Yellowstone National Park
Grand Teton National Park
Bighorn Canyon National Recreation Area
Custer National Forest
Gallatin National Forest
Beaverhead National Forest
Deerlodge National Forest
Helena National Forest
Lewis and Clark National Forest
Flathead National Forest
Kootenai National Forest
Lolo National Forest
Bitterroot National Forest
Big Hole National Battlefield
Chief Joseph Battlefield
Nez Perce National Historical Park
Big Hole National Battlefield
Sun River Game Range
Medicine Rocks State Park
Makoshika State Park
Pictograph Cave State Park
Chief Plenty Coups State Park
Pompeys Pillar National Monument
Lewis and Clark Caverns State Park
Missouri Headwaters State Park
Madison Buffalo Jump State Park
Bannack State Park
Virginia City
Nevada City
Granite Ghost Town State Park
Garnet Ghost Town
Elkhorn Ghost Town
Bearmouth
Drummond
Hamilton
Stevensville
Darby
Lolo
Superior
Thompson Falls
Libby
Eureka
Whitefish
Kalispell
Columbia Falls
Polson
Ronan
Arlee
Dixon
Plains
Hot Springs
Troy
Bonners Ferry
Sandpoint
Coeur d'Alene
Kellogg
Wallace
Mullan
Pablo
Browning
GREAT FALLS
HELENA
BILLINGS
MONTANA HIGHWAYS
INTERSTATE HIGHWAYS
Multilane Divided - Controlled Access
2 Lanes - Limited Access - Paved
Full Traffic Interchange
Partial Traffic Interchange
Access Denied
PRINCIPAL HIGHWAYS
2 Lanes - Paved
Multilane - Divided
Improved - Graveled
Graded
Dirt
Local inquiry may save time
OTHER HIGHWAYS
2 Lanes - Paved
Multilane - Divided
Improved - Graveled
Graded
Dirt
Something to may save time
ROUTE MARKERS
Interstate Marker
U. S. Numbered Marker
Lewis and Clark Trail
State Route Marker
Other Route Marker
Abbreviations
A - Alternate
B - Business
BYP - Bypass
N - North
S - South
E - East
W - West
MISCELLANEOUS
Accumulated Mileage Between Red Stars
Intermediate Mileage Between Towns
Junctions of U. S. and State Highways
Points of Interest Numbers described in left of Map
Winter Sports Areas
State Parks Monuments Recreation Areas
Campgrounds Rest Areas
Port of Entry International
Cities or Towns, County Seats, State Capital
0 - 500
500 - 1000
1000 - 2500 Poplar
2 500 - 10 000 Dillon
10 000 - 20 000 Kalispell
20 000 - 30 000 Missoula
30 000 and over Billings
HISTORICAL MARKER
STATE PARK
STATE CAPITAL—HELENA
Mountain Standard Time—Mountain Daylight Time 2:00 a.m. last Sunday in April to 2:00 a.m. last Sunday in October
One inch equals approximately 29 miles
Prepared by Rand McNally & Co.

St. Mary Lake, Glacier National Park*

Wintertime via Snowmobile at Yellowstone Park's Old Faithful Geyser
Photo courtesy Yellowstone Park Co.

GLACIER
NATIONAL PARK

The history of Glacier National Park begins with the Blackfeet Indians who lived under the spell of the majestic mountains. Regarding the mountain vastness with awe they entered this abode of spirits only to fast or to cross to the Flathead Indian country.

The park, lying in a rugged section of the MONTANA Rockies, is named not from the approximately 40 glaciers of today, but because huge Ice Age glaciers carved the rugged scenery of what is now Glacier National Park. Here two hundred glacial lakes stud the valleys or are set like jewels in rocky cirques. Streams of crystal clear water offer good fishing . . . and no fishing license is required. Fields of brilliant mountain wild flowers, cascading waterfalls, sheer cliffs, dense forests, inquisitive bears, friendly marmots and proud mountain goats and mountain sheep make up its changing panorama.

Going-to-the-Sun Road, a spectacular 50-mile drive east and west through the park, crosses the Continental Divide at Logan Pass and traverses the towering Garden Wall. Much of the park is accessible easily by car and nearly a thousand miles of trails lead deep into untouched wilderness or to isolated mountain chalets. Some of the glaciers are visible from the roads; others are easily accessible on foot or horseback. Saddle horses are available; riding experience is unnecessary.

Warm sunny days and cool starry nights are the rule throughout the summer. Early season visitors find waterfalls at their most glorious and mountain peaks still covered with winter snows. In the fall, deciduous trees display brilliant colors, highest peaks glisten with their first white dusting of snow and skies deepen to a startling blue.

Going-to-the-Sun Road, open about the first week in June, remains open well into October. All year around accommodations are conveniently located on the park's fringes. Accommodations in the park are available from about June 10 to September 10.

This million acre alpine wonderland, often termed "The Crown of the Continent," was established by Congress as a national park on May 11, 1910, and is the United States section of the Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park.

above . . . Two Medicine Lake is one of the many beauty spots in MONTANA's Glacier National Park.
Robert Lindberg Photo

above . . . Many scenic trails lead vacationers to choice vantage points for Yellowstone Falls at the Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone.
Ray Atkeson Photo

YELLOWSTONE
NATIONAL PARK

Three of the five entrances to Yellowstone, the largest and oldest of all the national parks, are in Montana: (1) the north entrance at Gardiner is reached by the historic Yellowstone River route through beautiful Paradise Valley and Yankee Jim Canyon. (2) the northeast entrance is reached by the spectacular Beartooth Highway which climbs via a series of amazing switchbacks to nearly 11,000 feet in Montana's rugged Beartooth Mountains. (3) West Yellowstone, Montana, gives entrance to Yellowstone National Park on the west . . . reached by two scenic highways along the picturesque Gallatin River and the world-famed Madison River . . . the trout fisherman's paradise . . . the river which feeds earthquake-created Quake Lake.

Yellowstone National Park was first discovered by a frontiersman, John Colter, in the winter of 1807-08, but his friends refused to believe the tales of the fantastic land he had seen. Twenty years later, Jim Bridger, a rugged Montana trapper and scout, gave similar descriptions of the area, and eventually explored the Yellowstone country extensively.

Often termed "nature's wonderland," Yellowstone is renowned for spouting geysers, brilliant pools, bubbling mud caldrons, mountains, canyons, streams and lakes, forest and waterfalls . . . 2,221,000 acres of scenic beauty. Park wildlife includes buffalo, moose, elk, deer, antelope, Big Horn sheep and—favorite of all—the grizzly and black bear. Fishing is good in the park waters, no fishing license is required. Please contact park rangers for special information on fishing.

Congress established Yellowstone National Park on March 1, 1872, after the Washburn-Doane Expedition, headed by H. D. Washburn, Surveyor-General of Montana.

Accommodations are available all year at the Montana entrances and from about May 1 to October 31 in the park.

Enjoy unbounded freedom all year 'round in

MONTANA

The BIG SKY Country

SPRING in the Big Sky Country brings new life, new beauty, new color, new places to go and see . . . a new sense of freedom as the snows recede and the blossoms appear again.
Robert Lindborg Photo

SUMMER in the Big Sky Country means fun and freedom on Montana's fresh, clear streams, rivers and lakes. Summer boating at giant Fort Peck Lake in northeastern Montana.*

AUTUMN brings its own glory to the Big Sky Country. Colors become vivid, the air becomes crisp, the first sprinkle of snow appears on lofty peaks . . . the freedom days of Indian Summer welcome the traveler, the hunter, the fisherman, the dreamer. Autumn in the Bitterroot Valley.
Ernst Peterson Photo

WINTER in the Big Sky Country beckons snow enthusiasts to the freedom of exhilarating sport on incomparable powder snow. Whether you are skier, snowmobiler, photographer, or ice fisherman . . . Wintertime is Funtime in Montana. Snow Bowl at Missoula.
David Line Photo

MONTANA's wilderness and primitive areas (often termed "America's Playgrounds") total over 2½ million acres in National Forests . . . freedom roadless back country areas where mechanized transportation is not permitted. Licensed Montana outfitters and guides are available for travel, hunting, camping and fishing in these areas. (above) Spanish Peaks Wilderness Area in the Gallatin National Forest.
Photo courtesy U.S. Forest Service

LEWIS-CLARK TRAIL

OLD WEST TRAIL

Fishing and Hunting

MONTANA offers some of the best trout fishing in the nation; in fact, some nationally known sportswriters have called it "THE TROUT STATE". The Missouri, Yellowstone, Kootenai, and Clark Fork Rivers with their many tributaries and lakes offer the angler a wide choice in species of fish as well as types of fishing. Brown, rainbow, cutthroat, lake and brook trout, Dolly Varden, whitefish, the rare arctic grayling, giant paddlefish, kokanee, coho, northern pike, walleye, perch and bass are here for the taking.

In addition, Montana's vast reaches of native wilderness provide outdoorsmen and nature lovers with a look at untouched country as it was many decades ago. Herds of antelope, deer, elk, Big Horn sheep, plus moose, mountain goats and grizzly bear have continued to thrive due to careful management. 11 national forests and 8 wilderness areas provide excellent hunting.

For the bird hunter, a variety of upland game is available. Species such as the sharp-tailed grouse, sage grouse, blue grouse, Franklin's grouse, ruffed grouse, ring-necked pheasant, Hungarian partridge, chukar partridge, and wild turkey provide hunters with a variety of enjoyment.

Non-residents may purchase a 6-day limited fishing license or a season fishing license. The non-resident hunting and fishing license includes two deer, 1 elk, 1 black bear plus the right to enter the drawing for sheep, goats, antelope, and moose. This non-resident license also includes fishing and upland birds. Fee schedules are available from the Montana Fish and Game Department.

The float enthusiast can combine his fishing with a float trip on some of Montana's outstanding streams and find beautiful scenery and areas of historic interest.

For additional information, write Montana Fish and Game Department, Helena, Montana 59601.

Fishing is GREAT in MONTANA whether you cast from shore, standing mid-stream or from a boat. Enjoy the freedom, relaxation and pleasure of fishing on one of the nation's finest trout streams, the Madison River (above).*

Lewis and Clark Caverns STATE PARK

LEWIS and CLARK CAVERNS, Montana's featured state park, are the largest limestone caverns in the Northwest. Located in the heart of Montana's vacationland between Glacier and Yellowstone National Parks, the Caverns are easy to reach, FUN to explore.

The colorful stalactites, stalagmites, clusterites and flowstone, produced by a million years of natural processes, form interesting and unusual sights and provide more variety of typical cavern formations than any other single group of caverns in the nation.

The caverns are all electrically lighted, and are safe and comfortable to visit. An open-air jeep railroad runs along the hillside from park headquarters to near the caverns entrance. An electric tram completes the trip.

Inside the caverns, where natural air-conditioning maintains a year-round temperature of 46°, well constructed walks lead through the caverns.

Guided tours last 90 minutes. Admission charge (including jeep railway and tram ride) is $1.00 for adults; 50c for children 6 through 12 years.

Tours operate at frequent intervals daily:
May 1-June 15: 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.
June 15-Labor Day: 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Labor Day-September 30: 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.
Free picnicking and camping facilities are provided.

National Historic Landmarks

Bannack Montana's First Territorial Capital
Butte . . . . . the Richest Hill on Earth
Camp Disappointment . . . 12 miles northeast of Browning (Northernmost point reached by Lewis and Clark Expedition)
Charles M. Russell Original Studio, Great Falls
Fort Benton . . . Missouri River Historic Navigation Port
Lewis and Clark 1805 Portage, Great Falls
Lolo Trail, Lolo National Forest
Missouri River Headwaters State Monument
Pictograph Indian Caves, Billings
Pompeys Pillar, northeast of Billings (Captain William Clark carved his name here in 1806)
Travelers Rest, Missoula County (Where Lewis and Clark parted on return journey, 1806)
Virginia City . . . Montana's Second Territorial Capital

The Treasure State

MONTANA, for centuries the home of Indians and buffalo, was first seen by white men—the Verendrye, French fur-traders—in 1743.

In 1805-1806 Lewis and Clark explored the area, then part of the Louisiana Territory.

In 1807 Manuel Lisa, a fur-trader, built Montana's first trading post.

The first permanent white settlement was St. Mary's Mission at Stevensville, founded in 1841 . . . still standing today.

In 1862 a rich gold strike at Bannack brought a rush of prospectors. With gold discoveries at Virginia City and Helena, thousands more followed. Outlaws flourished in the surging gold camps until the Vigilantes organized and dispensed justice.

The great cowboy era began in 1866 when the first herd of longhorn cattle was trailed from Texas.

The growing intrusion of white men into the Indians' homeland, the disappearance of buffalo and failure of white man to keep their treaties, brought the Indian wars of the '60's and '70's. Custer's Last Stand occurred in 1876. A year later the major battles ended with Chief Joseph's surrender at the Battle of the Bear's Paw.

The fourth largest state, Montana averages 550 miles in length and 275 miles in width. The Continental Divide runs north and south through the western section. The highest point is Granite Peak, 12,799 feet; the lowest is 1,620 feet on the Kootenai River at the Idaho line.

Climate varies with topography and altitude. Average annual rainfall throughout the state is 15" and varies from a minimum 9.69" to over 100" on some mountain tops. Average daytime temperatures vary from an average 28 in January to 84 S in July.

Nine railroads, ten bus lines and five air lines serve Montana, 11,236 miles of paved urban, secondary, primary and interstate highways cross the state.

Vast lands suited to cultivation and grazing, water, minerals, and timber are Montana's most valuable resources.

The value of income from farms and ranches totals about $575,000,000 annually. Major crops are winter and spring wheat, hay, barley, sugar beets, corn, oats, potatoes, alfalfa seed, mustard seed, flax seed, beans and cherries. Principal livestock is cattle and sheep. Montana is a large supplier of stocker and feeder cattle.

The state's mineral resources offer vital sources of employment and income to the state. Mineral production contribution is about $245,000,000 annually and is chiefly from petroleum and copper production. Other leading minerals are sand and gravel, zinc, silver, building stone, lead and gold.

The timber industry is highly important to Montana's economy and contributes approximately $130,000,000 annually. Products include lumber, plywood, pulp and paper, and manufactured wood products. Three million or more Christmas trees are harvested each year and marketed widely throughout the country.

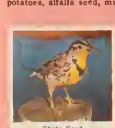
Most of the power in the state is generated hydroelectrically by the Montana Power Company with Kerr Dam, Holter Dam and 11 other sites, by the Washington Water Power Company with its dam at Noxon Rapids, and by Federal dams: Fort Peck, Hungry Horse, Canyon Ferry and Yellowtail (Libby Dam in northwestern Montana is under construction). There are six steam generating plants in the state using coal as a fuel source. The largest, located at Billings, is operated by the Montana Power Company. The Montana Dakota Utilities Company also operates a large steam-electric plant, fired by coal, at Sidney. It is predicted that in the future much of Montana's coal will be used to generate power and to produce pipeline gas and even gasoline.

Manufacturing in Montana is primarily based on the processing of its abundant raw materials including refining of copper, zinc, aluminum, and petroleum, production of elemental phosphorus and cement, and wood products manufacture. Sugar refining and flour milling are also very important. The value added by manufacturing approximates $285,000,000 annually.

Additional Information

Wherever you may be in Montana, you will find on-the-spot information at a local Chamber of Commerce office or Visitor Welcome Center.

For additional Montana vacation information, write to the Advertising Department, Montana Highway Commission, Helena, Montana 59601.



State Bird
The Western Meadowlark

State Flower
The Bitterroot

State Tree
The Ponderosa Pine

State Flag with Seal and Motto "Oro y Plata", Gold and Silver

State Parks and Monuments

The letter and numeral following name of each area refer to location on map (reverse side).

Ashley Lake State Park, B-2
22 miles west of Kalispell off U.S. 2

Bannack State Monument, G-3
21 miles west of Dillon off U.S. 91

Bitterroot Lake State Park, B-2
20 miles west of Kalispell, 5 miles northwest of Marion off U.S. 2

Canyon Ferry Recreation Area, E-5
20 miles east of Helena off U.S. 12

Chief Joseph's Battlefield of the Bear's Paw, B-7
16 miles south of Chinook off U.S. 2

Chief Plenty Coups Memorial State Monument, G-8
35 miles south of Billings

Clark Canyon Reservoir Recreation Area, H-3
20 miles south of Dillon on Highway 15

Deadman's Basin Recreation Area, E-7
20 miles east of Harlowton off U.S. 12

Finley Point State Park, C-2
10 miles north of Polson on Finley Point off Montana 35

Flathead Lake State Park, C-2
15 miles north of Polson on U.S. 93

Fort Owen State Monument, E-2
At Stevensville off U.S. 93

***Hell Creek State Park, C-10**
45 miles north of Jordan off Montana 200 on Fort Peck Reservoir

Hooper State Park, D-6
At Lincoln on Montana 200

James Kipp State Park, C-8
65 miles northeast of Lewistown on U.S. 191

Lake Mary Ronan State Park, C-2
23 miles northeast of Polson off U.S. 93

Lewis and Clark Caverns State Park, F-5
15 miles west of Whitehall on U.S. 10

Logan State Park, B-1
45 miles west of Kalispell on U.S. 2

Lone Pine State Park, B-10
3 miles southwest of Kalispell off U.S. 2

Lost Creek State Park, F-3
6 miles south of Anaconda off U.S. 10-A

Madison Buffalo Jump, F-5
7 miles south of Logan off Interstate 90

Makoshika State Park, D-12
3 miles south of Glendive off U.S. 10

Medicine Rocks State Park, F-12
12 miles north of Ekalaka on Montana 7

Missouri River Headwaters State Monument, F-5
3 miles east of Three Forks and 3 miles north of U.S. 10

Missouri River Recreation Waterway, D-6,7
Five sites available on Missouri River for boaters between Virginia and James Kipp State Park

Nelson Reservoir Recreation Area, B-9
23 miles northeast of Malta off U.S. 2

Pictograph Caves Recreation Area, F-2
35 miles south of Hamilton off U.S. 93

Rock Creek State Park, C-10
35 miles south of Fort Peck on Fort Peck Reservoir

Thompson Falls State Park, C-1
3 miles west of Thompson Falls off U.S. 10-A

Tiber Dam State Park, B-5
10 miles south of Chester on Tiber Reservoir

West Shore State Park, C-2
20 miles south of Kalispell on U.S. 93

Whitefish Lake State Park, B-2
At Whitefish on U.S. 93

Woods Bay State Park, B-2
35 miles northwest of Polson off Montana 35

Yellow Bay State Park, C-2
20 miles northeast of Polson on Montana 35

*Make local inquiry before traveling into this area

Virginia City, (above) MONTANA's second territorial capital and a famed Vigilante town, is now restored. Virginia City Players in costumes of gold-rush days provide authentic summer-stock melodrama.*

The 6 units of the Montana State University System offer inviting campuses, challenging curricula and outstanding faculties. Above right . . . Montana College of Mineral Science and Technology at Butte, "the richest hill on earth".
Photo courtesy Mont. College of Mineral Science and Technology

The Ed Towe Antique Ford Collection of the Montana Historical Society (right) is one of the most complete in the country . . . 35 models from 1903 to the mid-1930's. Enjoy this collection at 1325 Helena Avenue, Helena, Montana.*
**Montana Highway Commission Photo*

VACATION IN MONTANA

THE BIG SKY COUNTRY

Camping is fun and freedom in eastern MONTANA's Makoshika State Park.*

FOR FREE DISTRIBUTION

PUBLISHED BY THE
MONTANA STATE HIGHWAY
COMMISSION
HELENA, MONTANA 59601

Montana State Library
3 0864 1005 8806 3

Cover Photo by Ross Hall.
MONTANA's seven Indian Reservations offer colorful celebrations and memorable photographic opportunities.

**Montana Highway Commission Photo*